FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Trustees of the Village of Tarrytown, New York:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Tarrytown, New York ("Village") as of and for the year ended May 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Village's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village as of May 31, 2012 and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the General and Water funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the schedules of funding progress and contributions for the Fire Service and Ambulance Service Awards Programs and the Schedule of Funding Progress — Other Post Employment Benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

O'Connor Davies, LLP

'Connor Davies, UP

Harrison, New York November 1, 2012

Village of Tarrytown, New York Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2012

Introduction

This discussion and analysis of the Village of Tarrytown, New York's financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities of the Village of Tarrytown for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012. Please read the discussion and analysis in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those statements which immediately follows this section.

Before getting into this discussion, it is important to note for this year's financial statement presentation that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued its Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, in February 2009. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 54 became effective for financial statements for the fiscal period ending June 30, 2011; therefore they are reflected in this analysis for the first time. Statement No. 54 abandons the reserved and unreserved classifications of fund balance and replaces them with five new classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. An explanation of these classifications follows below.

Nonspendable – consists of assets that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact, including prepaid items, inventories, long-term portions of loans receivable, financial assets held for resale and principal of endowments.

<u>Restricted</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority before the end of the fiscal year and that require the same level of formal action to remove the constraint.

<u>Assigned</u> – consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the government's highest level of decision-making authority, or by their designated body or official. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund, and in funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the government's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

According to GASB, these changes were made to bring greater clarity and consistency to fund balance reporting.

Financial Highlights for Fiscal Year 2012

- On the government-wide financial statements, the assets of the Village exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2012 by \$16,523,212. Of this amount, the unrestricted net assets are a deficit of \$9,869,694. This deficit results primarily from the accrual of certain operating liabilities pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, which will be satisfied in future years as well as borrowings for judgments and claims and for the accrual of the Village's other post employment benefit obligations payable pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 45.
- As of the close of the fiscal year 2012, the Village's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances (deficits) of (\$10,153,257). Again this deficit balance is caused by government accounting standards that require a municipality to list short term borrowing for Capital Projects, called Bond Anticipation Notes, (BANs), as a liability until they are converted to permanent financing (serial bonds). There are \$20,543,410 of BAN's outstanding at year-end that cause the deficit balance on an accrual basis. Exclusive of the Capital Projects deficit, the combined ending fund balances were \$6,592,634. Of this latter amount, the unassigned undesignated fund balance was \$2,003,492 or 30% of the total fund balances. This amount is available for spending at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$2,003,492 or 9.1% of total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. The General Fund reported a total ending fund balance of \$4,816,914 on May 31, 2012 which represents an increase of \$434,123 from fiscal year 2011.

- During the 2012 fiscal year, the Village retired \$1,530,000 of general obligation debt. In addition \$6,544,000 of long term debt was issued. The Village's total outstanding general obligation bonds payable at May 31, 2012 totaled \$21,449,000.
- The Water Fund reported an ending fund balance of \$977,577, an increase of \$262,310 from the prior year.
- The Capital Projects Fund reported an ending fund deficit of \$16,745,891, a
 decrease in the deficit of \$4,700,541 from fiscal year ended 2011. This deficit is
 primarily attributable to capital outlay expenditures financed by bond anticipation
 notes and the accounting thereof as noted above.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Village's financial statements are composed of this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the basic financial statements. This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The MD&A provides analysis and overview of the Village's financial activities. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented in a manner similar to private-sector business financial statements. The statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements include two statements: Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to fund the Village's programs, are excluded from these statements.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents the Village's total assets and liabilities with the difference reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing the change in the Village's net assets during the current fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The focus of this statement is on the net cost of providing various activities to the citizens of the Village.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*). The governmental activities of the Village include general government support, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities; fund balances/net assets, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in an individual fund based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Most of the basic services provided by the Village are financed and accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the available balances of these resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the Village's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting which measures the flow the current flow of financial resources.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. From this comparison, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Village's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village of Tarrytown has five (6) individual governmental funds: General, Water, Capital Projects, Public Library, Special Purpose and Sewer Fund. Of these, the General, Water and Capital Projects funds are reported as major funds, and are presented in separate columns on the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for those non-major funds can be found on the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual budget for its General, Water and Public Library funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General and Water funds within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the assets of these funds are *not* available to support the activities of the Village. The Village maintains two types of fiduciary funds that are known as an Agency Fund and Pension Trust Funds. Resources are held in these funds by the Village purely in a custodial capacity. The activity in these funds is limited to the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of resources to the appropriate individual, organization or government and the activities of the Fire and Ambulance Service Awards Programs.

The financial statements for the Fiduciary Funds can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and schedules of budget to actual comparisons.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Village's financial position. In the case of the Village of Tarrytown, assets exceeded liabilities by \$16,523,212 for fiscal year 2012.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Assets:

Statement of Net Assets

	May 31,					
		2012	2011			
Current Assets Capital Assets, net	\$	12,787,211 58,987,825	\$	10,244,542 54,920,953		
Total Assets		71,775,036	,,,,,,	65,165,495		
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities		23,037,840 32,213,984		25,974,300 23,952,719		
Total Liabilities		55,251,824		49,927,019		
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted		20,032,813 6,360,093 (9,869,694)		17,848,905 4,672,685 (7,283,114)		
Total Net Assets	\$	16,523,212	\$	15,238,476		

The largest components of the Village's net assets is Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt) of \$20,032,813 which reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses the capital assets to provide services to its citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The restricted net assets of \$6,360,093 represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The restrictions are:

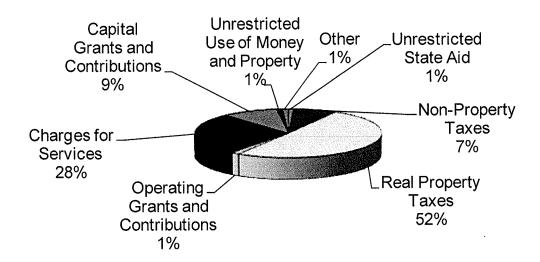
	May 31,					
	 2012	2011				
Special Purposes Water	\$ 538,159 477,840	\$	590,725 310,079			
Capital projects	3,797,519		2,570,568			
Sewer Fund Debt Service	76,468 957,507		- 691,263			
Capital Cost	 512,600		510,050			
Restricted Net Assets	\$ 6,360,093	\$	4,672,685			

The remaining balance is an unrestricted net deficit of \$9,869,694.

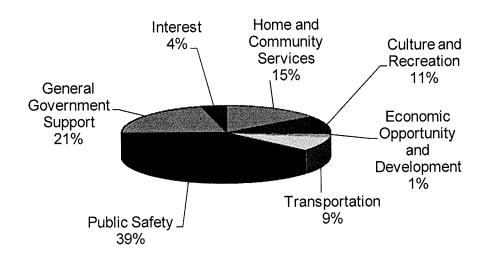
Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended May 31,					
	2012	2011				
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 7,454,139	\$ 6,765,819				
Operating Grants and Contributions	357,471	657,759				
Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues:	2,533,579	2,091,818				
Real Property Taxes	13,986,271	14,315,289				
Other Tax Items	87,353	114,605				
Non-Property Taxes	1,983,119	1,955,613				
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property	1,757	5,217				
Sale of property and compensation for loss	29,579	71,323				
Unrestricted State Aid	240,685	228,558				
Miscellaneous	59,880	23,054				
Total Revenues	26,733,833	26,229,055				
Program Expenses:						
General Government Support	5,399,907	5,739,294				
Public Safety	9,882,230	10,100,023				
Health	13,218	14,494				
Transportation	2,348,482	2,627,059				
Economic Opportunity and Development	93,988	124,031				
Culture and Recreation	2,839,618	2,879,808				
Home and Community Services	3,873,572	3,402,576				
Interest	998,082	997,726				
Total Expenses	25,449,097	25,885,011				
Change in Net Assets	1,284,736	344,044				
Net Assets - Beginning	15,238,476	14,894,432				
Net Assets - Ending	\$ 16,523,212	\$ 15,238,476				

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2012 Governmental Activities



Sources of Expenses for Fiscal Year 2012 Governmental Activities



Governmental Activities: Governmental activities increased the Village's net assets by \$1,284,736.

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2012, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$26,733,833. Tax revenues of \$16,056,743 comprised of real property taxes, other tax items and non-property taxes, represented the largest revenue source at 60%.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Village uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the Village's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Village's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Village's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance (deficit) of (\$10,153,257). As noted previously in this report, the deficit is as a result of the accrual method of accounting. The total combined fund balance (excluding the fund deficit of the Capital Projects Fund) was \$6,592,634 of which \$2,003,492 constitutes unassigned fund balance. \$680,000 of the total unassigned fund balance has been designated for subsequent year's expenditures and represents the amount estimated for use in the 2012-2013 budget. An additional \$975,000 of the unassigned fund balance has been designated for tax certiorari refunds. The restricted fund balance consists of non-spendable fund balance, (prepaid expenses) of \$1,200, restricted funds for capital costs (\$512,600), and debt service (\$720,722).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Village. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,816,914. Of this amount, \$2,003,492 was unassigned; in addition \$600,000 was assigned fund balance designated for subsequent year's expenditures, \$975,000 for tax certioraris, \$3,900 for purchases on order, \$512,600 was restricted for capital costs, \$720,722 restricted for debt service and \$1,200 represented nonspendable prepaid expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

When the fiscal 2012 budget was adopted, it anticipated the use of \$600,000 of fund balance. However, actual results of operations resulted in an increase of \$434,123 to fund balance. Overall, General Fund expenditures and other financing uses were \$21,890,131, which was \$528,509 more than the final budget. Revenues and other financing sources totaled \$22,324,254 which was \$557,482 more than the amount included in the final budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The Village's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of May 31, 2012, amounted to \$58,987,825 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

		May 31,					
		2012		2011			
Land	\$	16,048,070	\$	16,048,070			
Buildings and improvements		17,389,847		17,619,154			
Machinery and equipment		4,465,429		3,431,359			
Infrastructure		8,301,378		5,520,963			
Construction-in-progress		12,783,101		12,301,407			
	<u>\$_</u>	58,987,825	\$	54,920,953			

Additional information on the Village's capital assets can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Long-term Debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, the Village had total bonded debt outstanding of \$21,449,000. The Village's general obligation bonded debt increased by \$5,014,000. All of this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the Village of Tarrytown.

Additional information on the Village's long-term debt can be found in Note 3 of this report.

Requests for Information

This Management's Discussion and Analysis report is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to James Hart, Village Treasurer, Village of Tarrytown, One Depot Plaza, Tarrytown, New York 10591.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MAY 31, 2012

	G	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and equivalents	\$	10,684,389
Receivables:		470.000
Taxes		173,203
Accounts		234,646
Water rents		651,649
Due from other governments		962,715
Prepaid expenses		1,200
Deferred charges		79,409
Capital assets:		
Not being depreciated		28,831,171
Being depreciated, net		30,156,654
Total Assets		71,775,036
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		1,102,708
Accrued liabilities		114,744
Retainages payable		173,127
Bond anticipation notes payable		20,543,410
Due to retirement systems		349,222
Unearned revenues		482,915
Accrued interest payable		271,714
Non-current liabilities:		4 400 000
Due within one year		4,199,000
Due in more than one year		28,014,984
Total Liabilities		55,251,824
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		20,032,813
Restricted for:		
Capital projects		3,797,519
Debt service		957,507
Capital costs		512,600
Special Revenue Funds:		
Water Fund		477,840
Sewer Fund		76,468
Special Purpose Fund		538,159
Unrestricted	A	(9,869,694)
Total Net Assets	\$	16,523,212



STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

			Program Revenues					Ne	et (Expense)
						Capital		evenue and	
			C	Charges for		rants and	Grants and		Changes in
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	<u>Co</u>	ntributions	Contributions		Net Assets
Governmental activities:	•	E 000 007	•	470.005	ው		ф	\$	(5,226,812)
General government support	\$	5,399,907	\$	173,095	\$	20.255	\$ - 355,836	φ	(8,558,190)
Public safety		9,882,230		937,849		30,355	333,630		(13,218)
Health		13,218 2,348,482		1,089,809		70,889	351,545		(836,239)
Transportation Economic opportunity and		•				70,000	001,040		•
development		93,988		4,382		-	-		(89,606)
Culture and recreation Home and community		2,839,618		893,261		236,910	1,333,367		(376,080)
services		3,873,572		4,355,743		19,317	218,418		719,906
Interest		998,082		_			274,413		(723,669)
Total Governmental									
Activities	\$	25,449,097	\$	7,454,139	\$	357,471	\$ 2,533,579		(15,103,908)
	_	eneral Revenu							40.006.074
		Real property t		es .					13,986,271
	(Other tax items							14,114
		Payments in							73,239
	,		•	nalties on rea	pro	perty taxes			10,200
		Non-property t Franchise fe		5.					485,595
				x distribution	from	County			1,497,524
		Unrestricted us							1,757
		Sale of proper							29,579
		Unrestricted S							240,685
		Miscellaneous							59,880
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
		Total Genera	al R	evenues					16,388,644
		Change in N	et A	\ssets					1,284,736
	N	et Assets - Be	ginn	ning					15,238,476
	N	et Assets - En	ding	J				\$	16,523,212

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2012

	 General Fund	 Water Fund	-	Capital Projects Fund
ASSETS Cash and Equivalents Taxes Receivable	\$ 4,555,722 173,203	\$ 501,492 -	\$	4,806,607 -
Other Receivables: Accounts Water rents Due from other governments Due from other funds Prepaid Expenditures	 234,353 - 789,726 459,605 1,200	 651,649 - 11,509		- - 172,989 - -
Total Assets	\$ 6,213,809	\$ 1,164,650	\$	4,979,596
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Retainages payable Bond anticipation notes payable Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Deferred revenues Total Liabilities	\$ 540,491 114,744 - - 313,812 427,848 1,396,895	\$ 172,983 - - - 14,090 - 187,073	\$	383,263 - 173,127 20,543,410 475,687 - 150,000 21,725,487
Fund Balances (Deficits): Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	 1,200 1,233,322 1,578,900 2,003,492 4,816,914	 210,159 767,418 - 977,577		- - (16,745,891) (16,745,891)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 6,213,809	\$ 1,164,650	\$	4,979,596

lon-Major vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 820,568 -	\$	10,684,389 173,203
293 -		234,646 651,649 962,715
 4,573		475,687 1,200
\$ 825,434	\$	13,183,489
\$ 5,971 -	\$	1,102,708 114,744
-		173,127 20,543,410
<u>-</u>		475,687
21,320 -		349,222 577,848
 27,291		23,336,746
- 564,785		1,200 2,008,266
233,358		2,579,676
 -		(14,742,399)
 798,143		(10,153,257)
\$ 825,434	\$	13,183,489



RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS MAY 31, 2012

Fund Deficit - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (10,153,257)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 58,987,825
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes	 94,933
Governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Deferred charges	 79,409
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest payable Bond anticipation notes payable - Judgments and claims Bonds payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations payable	 (271,714) (2,200,000) (21,630,771) (1,553,213) (6,830,000) (32,485,698)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 16,523,212

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

	General Fund	Water Fund	Capital Projects Fund
REVENUES			
Real property taxes	\$ 13,935,275	\$ -	\$ -
Other tax items	87,353	-	-
Non-property taxes	1,983,119	-	-
Departmental income	1,520,097	3,781,779	-
Intergovernmental charges	340,192	-	-
Use of money and property	120,308	•	-
Licenses and permits	543,875	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	453,470	•	-
Sale of property and compensation for loss	29,579	-	- 4 0 4 4 5 0 0
State aid	336,878	-	1,841,580
Federal aid	70,889	-	355,836
Miscellaneous	59,880	19,317	59,200
Total Revenues	19,480,915	3,801,096	2,256,616
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
General government support	4,963,134	89,283	-
Public safety	5,690,517	-	-
Health	10,496	-	-
Transportation	1,292,236	-	
Economic opportunity and development	67,543	NA	
Culture and recreation	850,579		
Home and community services	932,501	2,091,969	-
Employee benefits	4,854,461	251,546	•
Debt service:			
Principal	1,208,717	319,320	•
Interest	784,893	193,247	-
Capital outlay			4,720,115
Total Expenditures	20,655,077	2,945,365	4,720,115
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(1,174,162)	855,731	(2,463,499)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond issued	-	-	6,544,000
Bond anticipation note	2,200,000	-	***
Premium on debt issued	208,339	58,946	-
Transfers in	435,000	-	620,040
Transfers out	(1,235,054)	(652,367)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,608,285	(593,421)	7,164,040
Net Change in Fund Balances	434,123	262,310	4,700,541
Fund Balances (Deficits) - Beginning of Year	4,382,791	715,267	(21,446,432)
Fund Balances (Deficits) - End of Year	\$ 4,816,914	\$ 977,577	\$ (16,745,891)

Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ -	\$ 13,935,275
	87,353
_	1,983,119
38,337	5,340,213
662,943	1,003,135
733	121,041
700	543,875
-	453,470
-	29,579
•	
-	2,178,458
474.040	426,725
174,912	313,309
876,925	26,415,552
64,409	5,116,826
11,503	5,702,020
11,505	10,496
-	
-	1,292,236
4 400 477	67,543
1,169,477	2,020,056
14,700	3,039,170
363,595	5,469,602
1,963	1,530,000
10,064	988,204
_	4,720,115
1,635,711	29,956,268
(758,786)	(3,540,716)
-	6,544,000
-	2,200,000
<u>-</u>	267,285
848,412	1,903,452
(16,031)	(1,903,452)
832,381	9,011,285
73,595	5,470,569
724,548	(15,623,826)
\$ 798,143	\$ (10,153,257)



RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations Capan, Net Assets of Governmental Activities Sales, 1284,736	Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	5,470,569
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense 5,628,414 (1,561,542) 4,066,872 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes 50,996 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium (2,200,000) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations 5,628,414 (1,561,542) 4,066,872 6,0996 1,530,000 (7,200,500)	ment of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital		
Depreciation expense (1,561,542) 4,066,872 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes 50,996 Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued (2,200,000) Bonds issued (2,200,000) Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium 13,500 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest (32,907) Claims payable (32,907) Claims payable (1,217,828) Compensated absences (10,1878) Other post employment benefit obligations (1,103,201)	·		5,628,414
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium 1,530,000 (2,200,000) (6,544,000) Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium 13,500 (7,200,500) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (32,907) (1,103,201)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(1,561,542)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations Some expenses reported in the endit obligations (32,907) (1,103,201)			4 000 070
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium 13,500 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations 50,996 1,530,000 (2,200,000) (6,544,000) (7,200,500) (7,200,500) (7,200,500)			4,066,872
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium (7,200,500) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (1,103,201)			
Debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Principal paid on bonds Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium (7,200,500) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (1,103,201)	·		50,996
Bond anticipation notes - Judgments and claims issued Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium (7,200,500) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (2,200,000) (7,200,500) (7,200,500) (32,907)	issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repay-		
Bonds issued Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium 13,500 (7,200,500) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (6,544,000) (7,200,500) (7,200,500) (32,907) (32,907) (1,217,828) (2,390,000)			•
Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium (7,200,500) Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907) (32,907)			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (7,200,500) (32,907) 1,217,828 101,878 (2,390,000) (1,103,201)			• • •
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (32,907) 1,217,828 101,878 (2,390,000)	Amortization of issuance costs, loss on refunding and issuance premium		13,500
current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued interest Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations (32,907) 1,217,828 101,878 (2,390,000) (1,103,201)	•	ww	(7,200,500)
Accrued interest (32,907) Claims payable 1,217,828 Compensated absences 101,878 Other post employment benefit obligations (2,390,000) (1,103,201)	current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations 1,217,828 101,878 (2,390,000) (1,103,201)	•		(32,907)
Compensated absences 101,878 Other post employment benefit obligations (2,390,000) (1,103,201)			1,217,828
Other post employment benefit obligations (2,390,000) (1,103,201)	• •		101,878
	•		(2,390,000)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities \$\frac{\$1,284,736}{}\$			(1,103,201)
	Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	1,284,736

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL AND WATER FUNDS YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

	General Fund				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Page preparty toyon	\$ 14,158,885	\$ 14,158,885	\$ 13,935,275	\$ (223,610)	
Real property taxes Other tax items	т 14, 156,665 115,000	115,000	87,353	(27,647)	
Non-property taxes	1,830,000	1,830,000	1,983,119	153,119	
Departmental income	1,446,850	1,446,850	1,520,097	73,247	
Intergovernmental charges	296,765	296,765	340,192	43,427	
Use of money and property	91,272	91,272	120,308	29,036	
Licenses and permits	290,000	290,000	543,875	253,875	
Fines and forfeitures	520,000	520,000	453,470	(66,530)	
Sale of property and	020,000	020,000	100, 110	(00,000)	
compensation for loss	32,000	32,000	29,579	(2,421)	
State aid	221,000	221,000	336,878	115,878	
Federal aid	221,000	221,000	70,889	70,889	
Miscellaneous	130,000	130,000	59,880	(70,120)	
Total Revenues	19,131,772	19,131,772	19,480,915	349,143	
EVENDITUES					
EXPENDITURES					
Current:	3,089,430	5,351,220	4,963,134	388,086	
General government support	5,495,539	5,693,539	5,690,517	3,022	
Public safety	11,800	11,800	10,496	1,304	
Health	1,535,729	1,295,029	1,292,236	2,793	
Transportation	1,000,729	1,295,029	1,202,200	2,700	
Economic opportunity and	71,402	71,402	67,543	3,859	
development Culture and recreation	825,627	854,927	850,579	4,348	
	831,579	942,179	932,501	9,678	
Home and community services	5,071,815	4,901,215	4,854,461	46,754	
Employee benefits	5,071,613	4,901,210	+,004, 4 01	40,704	
Debt service:	1,194,805	1,208,805	1,208,717	88	
Principal		838,740	784,893	53,847	
Interest	689,262	030,740			
Total Expenditures	18,816,988	21,168,856	20,655,077	513,779	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	314,784	(2,037,084)	(1,174,162)	862,922	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Bond anticipation note	-	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	
Premium on debt issued	_	_,	208,339	208,339	
Transfers in	435,000	435,000	435,000	, -	
Transfers out	(1,349,784)	(1,249,784)	(1,235,054)	14,730	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(914,784)	1,385,216	1,608,285	223,069	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(600,000)	(651,868)	434,123	1,085,991	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	600,000	651,868	4,382,791	3,730,923	
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 4,816,914</u>	\$ 4,816,914	

2,000 2,000 19,317 2,000 2,000 19,317 3,206,971 3,206,971 3,801,096 5 122,974 122,974 89,283	udget tive
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326,180 326,180 319,320 169,641 182,282 193,247	6,860 (10,965)
	260,253)
<u>2,672,471</u> <u>2,685,112</u> <u>2,945,365</u> <u>(2</u>	,
534,500 521,859 855,731	33,872_
58,946 	58,946
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(534,500) (534,500) (593,421)	(58,921)
	274,951
(***) 7	1
	702 626
<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ 977,577</u> <u>\$ 9</u>	702,626 977,577

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS MAY 31, 2012

		Combined Pension Trusts		Agency	
ASSETS					
Cash:	\$	285,039	\$	88,428	
Demand deposits	φ	200,009	Ψ	209,477	
Time deposits Investments:				200,411	
Certificates of deposits		349,054		_	
Mutual funds		1,283,192		_	
Mutual fullus		1,200,102			
Total Assets		1,917,285		297,905	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		-		6,466	
Deposits		-		291,439	
Total Liabilities		-		297,905	
NET ASSETS					
Held in trust for pension benefits (A schedule					
of funding progress for the plans are presented					
in the required supplementary information)	<u>\$</u>	1,917,285	\$	-	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - COMBINED PENSION TRUST FUNDS YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

Additions:		
Earnings on investments	\$	59,606
Net change in fair value of investments		(59,005)
Total Additions		601
Deductions:		
Pension benefits		133,392
Administrative costs		11,166
Total Deductions		144,558
Net Decrease in Plan Net Assets		(143,957)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension		
Benefits - Beginning of Year		2,061,242
Net Assets Held in Trust for		
Pension Benefits - End of Year	\$	1,917,285
rension benefits - End of Tear	<u> </u>	.,,=



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Village of Tarrytown, New York ("Village") was established in 1870 and operates in accordance with Village Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The Village Board of Trustees is the legislative body responsible for overall operation. The Village Mayor serves as the chief executive officer and the Village Treasurer serves as the chief financial officer. The Village provides the following services to its residents: public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general and administrative support.

The accounting policies of the Village conform to generally accepted accounting principles for local governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the Village's more significant accounting policies:

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the Village, b) organizations for which the Village is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Village are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the Village, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the Village's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no other entities which would be included in the financial statements.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the Village as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the Village at the end of its fiscal year. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The Village does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the Village are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances/net assets, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The Village maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with nonmajor funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The Village's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in two broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the Village's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the Village in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for certain defined purposes. The major special revenue fund of the Village is the Water Fund. The Water Fund is used to record the water utility operations of the Village, which renders services on a user charge basis to the general public.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets.

The Village also reports the following non-major governmental funds.

Special Revenue Funds:

Public Library Fund - The Public Library Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's Public Library.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the Village in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Sewer Fund - The Sewer Fund is used to account for the activities of the Village's sewer operations.

b. Fiduciary Funds (Not Included in Government-Wide Financial Statements) - Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the Village in an agency capacity on behalf of others. These include Pension Trust and Agency Funds. The Pension Trust Funds account for the Village's Fire Service Awards and the Ambulance Service Awards Programs. The Agency Fund accounts for employee payroll tax withholdings and deposits that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial reports.

The government-wide financial statements and the pension trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus and utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, other post employment benefit obligations and certain claims are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets or Fund Balances

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Equivalents - Cash and equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The Village's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The Village has adopted its own written investment policy, which provides for the deposit of funds in FDIC insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The Village is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The Village has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either uncollateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the Village's name. The Village's aggregate bank balances that were not covered by depository insurance were not exposed to credit risk at May 31, 2012.

The Village was invested only in the above mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

Investments of the Pension Trust Funds - Fire Service Award Program investments are held on deposit with an insurance company. The funds are invested along with the Company's other assets in a variety of instruments. Investments of the Pension Trust Fund - Ambulance Service Awards Program are stated at fair value. The amounts are invested in various portfolios by the trustee, who has been designated by the State Comptroller. These investments are not subject to risk categorization.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property as of June 1st and are levied and payable in two installments due in June and December. The Village has the responsibility for the billing and collection of its own taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the Village. Receivables are recorded and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded when appropriate.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the Village has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of May 31, 2012, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements.

Inventories - There are no inventory values presented in the balance sheets of the respective funds of the Village. Purchases of inventoriable items at various locations are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods, and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of certain costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in the fund financial statements are equally offset by a reservation of fund balance, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spending resources" even through they are a component of current assets.

Deferred Charges - Deferred charges in the government-wide financial statements represent the unamortized portion of the costs of issuance of bonds. These costs are being amortized over the term of the respective bond issue.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Village as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the Village chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition dates or amount. The Village was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the Village are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) MAY 31, 2012

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Class	<u>Life in Years</u>		
Buildings and improvements	15-40		
Machinery and equipment	5-10		
Infrastructure	40		

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Unearned/Deferred Revenues - Unearned/deferred revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria has been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance or revenue from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Deferred revenues in the fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The Village has reported deferred revenues of \$94,933 for real property taxes, \$19,090 for day camp fees and \$313,825 for parking fees received in advance in the General Fund and \$150,000 for amounts received in advance in the Capital Projects Fund. These amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to generally accepted accounting principles.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Capital Projects Fund expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as current and long-term liabilities. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Assets - Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Village or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net assets on the Statement of Net Assets include, invested in capital assets, net of related debt, restricted for capital projects, debt service, capital costs and Special Revenue Funds. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balances - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and current liabilities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Village is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is to be reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification will be used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law.

Committed fund balance will be reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. These funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the entity removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain designations established and approved by the entity's governing board.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, will represent amounts constrained either by the entity's highest level of decision making authority or a person with delegated authority from the governing board to assign amounts for a specific intended purpose. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. This classification will include amounts designated for balancing the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. Assigned fund balance in all other governmental funds represents any positive remaining amount after classifying nonspendable, restricted or committed fund balance amounts.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Village's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Village's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the all

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

budgeted governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Subsequent Events Evaluation by Management

Management has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure and/or recognition in the financial statements through the date that the financial statements were available to be issued, which date is November 1, 2012.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Village generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- a) On or before March 20th, the budget officer submits to the Board of Trustees a tentative operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following June 1st. The tentative budget includes the proposed expenditures and the means of financing.
- b) The Board of Trustees, on or before March 31st, meets to discuss and review the tentative budget.
- c) The Board of Trustees conducts a public hearing on the tentative budget to obtain taxpayer comments on or before April 15th.
- d) After the public hearing and on or before May 1st, the Trustees meet to consider and adopt the budget.
- e) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, Water and Public Library funds.
- f) Budgets for General, Water and Public Library funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. An annual budget is not adopted by the Board for the Special Purpose and Sewer funds.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (Continued)

- g) The Village Board has established legal control of the budget at the function level of expenditures. Transfers between appropriation accounts, at the function level, require approval by the Board of Trustees. Any modifications to appropriations resulting from increases in revenue estimates or supplemental reserve appropriations also require a majority vote by the Board.
- h) Appropriations in General, Water and Public Library funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are reappropriated in the succeeding year pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board of Trustees.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The Village is permitted by the Constitution of the State of New York to levy taxes up to 2% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the Village, exclusive of the amount raised for the payment of interest on and redemption of long-term debt. In accordance with this definition, the maximum amount of the levy for the 2011-12 fiscal year was \$40,894,911, which exceeded the actual levy by \$26,736,026.

C. Application of Accounting Standards

For the year ended May 31, 2012, the Village implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" ("GASB 54"). GASB 54 changed the terminology and classification of fund balance to reflect spending constraints on resources, rather than the availability for appropriations. This approach is intended to provide users more consistent and understandable information about a fund's net resources.

D. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following functional expenditure category exceed its budgetary authorization by the amount indicated.

Water Fund:	
Home and Community Services	\$ 274,322
Employee Benefits	15,517
Debt Service - Interest	10,965
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out	117,867

E. Capital Projects Fund Deficit

The undesignated deficit in the Capital Projects fund of \$16,745,891 arises because of the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the financial reporting of such funds. The proceeds of bond anticipation notes issued to finance construction of capital projects are not recognized as an "other financing source". Liabilities for bond anticipation notes payable are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Bond anticipation notes are recognized as revenues only to the extent that they are redeemed. This deficit will be reduced and eliminated as the bond anticipation notes are redeemed for interfund transfers from other governmental funds or converted to permanent financing.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at May 31, 2012 consisted of the following:

Current Year Prior Years	\$ 78,270 94,933
	\$ 173.203

B. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at May 31, 2012 were as follows:

Fund	 Due From	***************************************	Due To
General Water Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 459,605 11,509 - 4,573	\$	- - 475,687 -
	\$ 475,687	\$	475,687

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

C. Capital Assets

Changes in the Village's capital assets are as follows:

	Balance June 1, 2011	Additions	Deletions	 Balance May 31, 2012
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction-in-progress	\$ 16,048,070 12,301,407	\$ 2,834,848	\$ - 2,353,154	\$ 16,048,070 12,783,101
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	\$ 28,349,477	\$ 2,834,848	\$ 2,353,154	\$ 28,831,171
Capital Assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$ 22,736,910 9,305,839 12,297,128	\$ 381,198 1,743,401 3,022,121	\$ -	\$ 23,118,108 11,049,240 15,319,249
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	44,339,877	 5,146,720	 -	 49,486,597

		Balance June 1, 2011		Additions	 Deletions	 Balance May 31, 2012
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment Infrastructure	\$	5,117,756 5,874,480 6,776,165	\$	610,505 709,331 241,706	\$ -	\$ 5,728,261 6,583,811 7,017,871
Total Accumulated Depreciation		17,768,401	_	1,561,542	 	 19,329,943
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	<u>\$</u>	26,571,476	\$	3,585,178	\$ -	\$ 30,156,654
Capital Assets, net	\$	54,920,953	\$	6,420,026	\$ 2,353,154	\$ 58,987,825

Depreciation expense was charged to the Village's functions and programs as follows:

General Government Support	\$ 389,479
Public Safety	595,522
Transportation	441,216
Culture and Recreation	84,841
Home and Community Services	 50,484
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,561,542

D. Pension Plans

The Village participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("PFRS") ("Systems"). These Systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans. The Systems provide retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12224.

Funding Policy - The Systems are non-contributory except for employees in tiers 3 and 4 that have less than ten years of service, who contribute 3% of their salary, employees in tier 5 who also contribute 3% of their salary without regard to their years of service and employees in tier 6 who contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels and also without regard to service. Contributions are certified by the State Comptroller and expressed as a percentage of members' salary. Contribution rates are actuarially determined and based upon membership tier and plan. Contributions consist of a life insurance portion and regular pension contributions. Contribution rates for the plans' year ended March 31, 2012 are as follows:

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
ERS	1 751	21.5 %
	3 A14	15.8
	4 A15	15.8
	5 A15	12.7

	<u>Tier/Plan</u>	Rate
PFRS	1 375l/3029D 1 384D/3029D	22.6 % 26.0
	2 3751	14.6
	2 384D	20.9

Contributions made to the Systems for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

	ERS		 PFRS
2012 2011 2010	\$	733,101 599,590 365,735	\$ 891,341 699,662 681,392
2010		000,.00	,

These contributions were equal to 100% of the actuarially required contributions for each respective fiscal year.

The current ERS contribution for the Village was charged to the funds identified below. The current year PFRS contribution was charged to the General Fund.

Fund	- <u>Amount</u>			
General Water Public Library	\$ 	576,456 61,257 95,388		
	\$	733,101		

Pension Trust - Fire Service Awards Program

The Village, pursuant to Article 11-A of General Municipal Law and legislative resolution, has established a Service Awards Program ("Program") for volunteer firefighters. This Program is a single employer defined benefit plan. Active volunteer firefighters, upon attainment of age 18, and upon earning 50 or more points in a calendar year under the provisions of the program point system, are eligible to become participants in the Program. Participants are fully vested upon attainment of entitlement age, upon death or upon general disablement and after earning five years of service credit. A participant, upon attainment of entitlement age (the later of age 60 or the participant's age after earning 50 program points), shall be able to receive their service award, payable in the form of a ten-year certain and continuous monthly payment life annuity. The monthly benefits are \$20 for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 40 years. The Program also provides disability and death benefits. The trustees of the Program, who are the members of the Village's Board, are authorized to invest the funds in authorized investment vehicles. Administrative costs are paid by the Village from the Pension Trust Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued by the Program.

Current membership in the Program is comprised of the following:

Group	December 31, 2011
Retirees and beneficiaries	45
currently receiving benefits	45
Active - non-vested	54
Terminated plan members entitled	
to but not yet receiving benefits	5

The Village is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined using the attained age normal frozen initial liability cost method. The asset valuation method is fair value. The assumed investment rate of return is 6.0% and there are no cost of living adjustments.

Contributions made to the Program for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

2011	\$ 287,602
2010	280,083
2009	248,072

The contribution made to the Program was equal to 100% of the actuarially required contribution for the current fiscal year.

The following is an audited summary of the financial information for the Fire Service Awards Program for the year ended May 31, 2012.

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MUU		ı

Cash - Demand deposits	\$	285,039
Investments, at fair value: Certificates of deposit Mutual funds		349,054 877,251
		1,226,305
Total Assets		1,511,344
NET ASSETS		
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	<u>\$</u>	1,511,344

ADDITIONS Earnings on investments Net change in fair value of investments	\$ 44,875 (47,591)
Total Additions	 (2,716)
DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits Administrative costs	 124,845 6,523
Total Deductions	 131,368
Change in Net Assets	(134,084)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - Beginning of Year	 1,645,428
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - End of Year	\$ 1,511,344

Pension Trust - Ambulance Service Awards Program

The Village, pursuant to Article 11-AAA of General Municipal Law and legislative resolution, has established a Service Awards Program ("Program") for volunteer members of the Ambulance Corporation. This Program is a single employer defined benefit plan. Participants are fully vested upon attainment of entitlement age, upon death or upon general disablement and after earning five years of service credit. A participant upon attainment of entitlement age (the later of age 65 or the participant's age after earning five years of service credit) shall be able to receive their service award, payable in the form of a ten-year monthly payment life annuity. The monthly benefits are \$20 for each year of service credit, up to a maximum of 40 years. The Program also provides disability and death benefits. The trustee of the Program, which has been designated by the State Comptroller, is authorized to invest the funds in authorized investment vehicles. Administrative costs are paid by the Village from the Pension Trust Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued by the Program.

Current membership in the program is comprised of the following:

Group	December 31, 2011
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	5
Active - non-vested	12
Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	8

The Village is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined using the attained age normal frozen initial liability cost method. The asset valuation method is fair value. The assumed investment rate of return is 6.5% and there are no cost of living adjustments.

Contributions made to the Program for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

2011	\$ 37,914
2010	40,898
2009	47,670

The contribution made to the Program was equal to 100% of the actuarially required contribution for the current fiscal year.

The following is an audited summary of the financial information for the Ambulance Service Awards Program for the year ended December 31, 2011:

ASSETS

Investments, at fair value - Mutual Funds	\$	405,941
NET ASSETS		
Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	405,941
ADDITIONS Earnings on investments Net change in fair value of investments	\$	14,731 (11,414)
Total Additions		3,317
DEDUCTIONS Pension benefits Administrative costs	National	8,547 4,643
Total Deductions		13,190
Change in Net Assets		(9,873)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - Beginning of Year		415,814
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - End of Year	\$	405,941

E. Short-Term Capital Borrowings – Bond Anticipation Notes

The schedule below details the changes in short-term capital borrowings.

	Year of				Balance					Balance
	Original	Maturity	Interest		June 1,		New			May 31,
Purpose	Issue	Date	Rates	_	2011		Issues	R	edemptions	 2012
Various Improvements	2007	-	- %	\$	6,739,000	\$	-	\$	6,739,000	\$ _
Various Improvements	2009	10/19/12	1.50		8,822,960		-		267,000	8,555,960
Various Improvements	2010	10/19/12	1.50		5,590,040		-		158,040	5,432,000
Various Improvements	2011	10/19/12	1.00		2,865,000		-		-	2,865,000
Tax Certiorari	2011	10/19/12	1.50		-		2,200,000		-	2,200,000
Various Improvements	2012	10/19/12	1.00		-	_	3,690,450		_	 3,690,450
				\$	24,017,000	\$	5,890,450	\$	7,164,040	\$ 22,743,410

Liabilities for bond anticipation notes are generally accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund. Principal payments on bond anticipation notes must be made annually. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes or judgments be converted to long-term obligations generally within five years after the original issue date. However, bond anticipation notes issued for assessable improvement projects may be renewed for periods equivalent to the maximum life of the permanent financing, provided that stipulated annual reductions of principal are made.

Interest expenditures of \$267,358, \$64,532 and \$8,310 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the General, Water and Public Library funds, respectively. Interest expense of \$359,787 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

F. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the Village's long-term indebtedness for the year ended May 31, 2012:

	Balance June 1, 2011	N	lew Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments		Balance May 31, 2012	 ue Within One Year
Bonds Payable: Capital Construction Other	\$ 12,420,240 4,014,760	\$	6,544,000	\$ 655,000 875,000	\$	18,309,240 3,139,760	\$ 929,000 915,000
	16,435,000		6,544,000	1,530,000		21,449,000	1,844,000
Add - Deferred Amounts on Refunding	204,800		_	 23,029	•	181,771	
	 16,639,800		6,544,000	 1,553,029		21,630,771	 1,844,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) MAY 31, 2012

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

	Baland June 1 2011	· .	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	 Balance May 31, 2012	Due Within One Year
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	\$	\$	2,200,000	\$ _	\$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,200,000
Other Non-Current Liabilities: Claims Payable Compensated Absences Other Post Employment	1,217 1,655	•	- 64,122	1,217,828 166,000	- 1,553,213	- 155,000
Benefit Obligations Payable	4,440	0,000	3,280,000	 890,000	 6,830,000	 -
	7,312	2,919	3,344,122	 2,273,828	 8,383,213	 155,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 23,952	2,719 <u>\$</u>	12,088,122	\$ 3,826,857	\$ 32,213,984	\$ 4,199,000

Each governmental fund's liability for bonds payable, claims payable, compensated absences and other post employment benefit obligations is liquidated by the General, Water and Public Library funds.

Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at May 31, 2012 are comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	 Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Amount Dutstanding at May 31, 2012
Water Improvements	1998	\$ 395,000	March, 2018	4.90 - 5.20 %	\$ 100,000
Various General, Water Improvements and Tax Certiorari	2004	3,240,055	May, 2024	4.00 - 4.75	1,945,000
Various General, Water Improvements and Tax Certiorari	2005	7,175,600	March, 2025	4.00 - 4.50	4,800,000
Various General and Water Improvements	2009	3,285,000	November, 2028	3.25 - 5.00	2,735,000
Refunding Bonds Various General, Water Improvements and	2010	6,485,000	September, 2020	3.00 - 4.00	5,325,000
Library	2012	6,544,000	May, 2032	4.80 - 4.86	 6,544,000
					\$ 21,449,000

Interest expenditures of \$648,004 were recorded in the fund financial statements in the funds identified below. Interest expense of \$619,870 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

<u>Fund</u>	Amount	_
General Water Public Library	\$ 517,53 128,71 1,75	5
	<u>\$ 648,00</u>	4

Bond Anticipation Notes Payable

The Village, in November 2011, issued a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$2,200,000 used to finance tax certiorari refunds. The note is due October, 2012, but may be renewed up to ten years pursuant to Local Finance Law, provided that stipulated reductions of principal are made.

The Village, pursuant to FASB 6, has not recorded this liability in the fund financial statements since it has demonstrated an ability to consummate refinancing. The ability to consummate refinancing was evidenced by obtaining permanent financing or a renewal of the note prior to the issuance of the financial statements. The note is due October 19, 2012 with interest at 1.50%. Interest expense of \$18,425 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

Payments to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of May 31, 2012 including interest payments of \$5,557,389 are as follows:

Year Ending	Bor	nds		1	Bond Anticipa	atior	n Notes	То	tal		
May 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	 Principal		Interest
2013	\$	1,844,000	\$	744,270	\$	2,200,000	\$	31,167	\$ 4,044,000	\$	775,437
2014		1,910,000		679,178		-		_	1,910,000		679,178
2015		1,555,000		615,084		-		_	1,555,000		615,084
2016		1,605,000		556,978		-		-	1,605,000		556,978
2017		1,600,000		497,979		•••		_	1,600,000		497,979
2018-2022		7,395,000		1,620,855		•		_	7,395,000		1,620,855
2023-2027		3,385,000		623,090		-		-	3,385,000		623,090
2028-2032		2,155,000		188,788				_	 2,155,000		188,788
	\$	21,449,000	\$	5,526,222	\$	2,200,000	\$	31,167	\$ 23,649,000	\$	5,557,389

The above general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the Village for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the Village.

Claims Payable

Claims payable consisted of a liability of \$1,217,828 for court ordered tax refunds, which were not due and payable at May 31, 2011. This liability has been paid in full during the current fiscal year-end.

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of collective bargaining agreements, civil service employees with ten or more years of service may accumulate up to a maximum of 230 sick days. Upon retirement or resignation, these days shall be paid out at a fixed rate of \$65 or \$75 per day, based on the number of days accumulated. A maximum of one week's vacation is payable upon separation of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) MAY 31, 2012

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Under the terms of the Police Benevolent Association and United Federation of Police Lieutenants collective bargaining agreements, vacation time is payable upon separation of service, up to a maximum of two weeks. Sick time is not payable upon separation of service. In addition, compensatory time is payable upon separation of service, up to a maximum of 80 hours.

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Village provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the Village may vary according to length of service. Substantially all of the Village's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Village. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid in the fund financial statements. The Village recognized revenues and expenditures of \$32,375 for Medicare Part D payments made directly to its health insurance carrier on behalf of its retirees.

The Village's annual other post employment benefit ("OPEB") cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. GASB Statement No. 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be accounted for under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. In addition, the assumptions and projections utilized do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The Village is required to accrue on the district-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the Plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed increase in postretirement benefits is 9.5% for the first year, decreases by 0.5% per year through year 10 to 5% thereafter. The amortization basis is the level percentage of payroll method with 26 years remaining in the amortization period. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return and a 0% inflation rate (results in a default to level dollar amortization). The unit credit method was used to determine the actuarial value of the assets of the OPEB plan, however, the Village currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post employment benefits. The actuarial cost method utilized was the unit credit method.

The number of participants as of June 1, 2011 was as follows:

Active Employees Retired Employees	95 62	
Total	<u>157</u>	
Amortization Component: Actuarial Accrued Liability as of June 1, 2011 Assets at Market Value	\$	35,730,000
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	35,730,000
Funded Ratio		0.00%
Covered Payroll (Active plan members)	\$	9,960,000
UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	W	358.73%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	3,340,000 200,000 (260,000)
Annual OPEB Cost		3,280,000
Contributions Made		(890,000)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		2,390,000
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year		4,440,000
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$	6,830,000

The Village's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and two preceding years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended May 31,	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation		
2012	\$ 3,280,000	27.13 %	\$ 6,830,000		
2011	2,420,000	34.71	4,440,000		
2010	2,340,000	36.75	2,860,000		

The schedule of funding progress for the OPEB plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing relative to the actuarial accrued liability for the benefits over time.

G. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers.

Transfers Out	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total	
General Fund Water Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ - 435,000 -	\$ 477,810 126,199 16,031	\$ 757,244 91,168	\$ 1,235,054 652,367 16,031	
	\$ 435,000	\$ 620,040	\$ 848,412	\$ 1,903,452	

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the fund with collection authorization to the funds where additional amounts are needed and 2) move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments of the Water and Public Library funds expenditures.

H. Net Assets

The components of net assets are detailed below:

Invested in Capital Assets, net of Related Debt - the component of net assets that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net assets that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, less unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net assets that reports the difference between assets and liabilities with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Capital Costs - the component of net assets that is restricted by General Municipal Law to finance capital acquisitions for which bonds may be issued.

Restricted for Special Revenue Funds - the component of net assets that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of certain programs with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) MAY 31, 2012

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Fund Balances

	Total	\$ 3,198	590,725 510,050 691,263	1,792,038	•	000'009	80,000 975,000 553,036	26,268	2,234,304	(19,653,366)	\$ (15,623,826)
2011	Non-Major Governmental Funds	ا ج	590,725 - 27,555	618,280	•	•	80,000	26,268	106,268	•	\$ 724,548
	Capital Projects Fund	٠ ج	1 1	•	•	•	1 1 1		1	(21,446,432)	\$ (21,446,432)
	Water	· •	162,231	162,231	•	•	553,036	' '	553,036	6	\$ 715,267
	General	\$ 3,198	510,050 501,477	1,011,527	•	000'009	975,000	т 1	1,575,000	1,793,066	\$ 4,382,791
	Total	\$ 1,200	538,159 512,600 957,507	2,008,266	3,900	000'009	80,000 975,000 767,418	76,890 76,468	2,579,676	(14,742,399)	\$ (10,153,257)
	Non-Major Governmental Funds	- μ	538,159	564,785	•	•	000'08	76,890 76,468	233,358	,	\$ 798,143
2012	Capital Projects Fund	· ·		•	1	•		1 1	1	(16,745,891)	\$ (16,745,891)
	Water Fund	-	210,159	210,159	•	٠	- - 767,418	, ,	767,418	1	\$ 977,577
	General Fund	\$ 1,200	512,600 720,722	1,233,322	3,900	900'009	975,000	, 1	1,578,900	2,003,492	\$ 4,816,914
	:	Nonspendable - Prepaid expenditures	Restricted: Trusts Capital costs Debt service	Total Restricted	Assigned: Purchases on order - General government support	Subsequent year's expenditures	Subsequent year's expenditures - Public Library Tax certiorari refunds Major funds	Non-Major Governmental funds: Public Library Sewer	Total Assigned	Unassigned	Total Fund Balances

Certain elements of fund balance are described above. Those additional elements which are not reflected in the statement of net assets but are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet are described below.

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for the purchase of day camp supplies made in advance. This amount is classified as nonspendable to indicate that the funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the Village's intention to honor the contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriation will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Tax Certiorari - This has been established to set aside funds to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings.

The Reserve for Trusts has been established to set aside funds in accordance with terms of the grants.

Amounts for subsequent year's expenditures at May 31, 2012, represent funds that the Village has assigned to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Litigation

The Village, in common with other municipalities, receives numerous notices of claims for money damages arising from false arrest, property damage or personal injury. Of the claims currently pending none are expected to have a material effect on the financial position of the Village if adversely settled.

There are currently pending certiorari proceedings, the results of which could require the payment of future tax refunds by the Village if existing assessment rolls are modified based on the outcome of the litigation proceedings. However, the amount of the possible refunds cannot be determined at the present time. Any payments resulting from adverse decisions will be funded in the year in which the payment is made.

Contingencies

The Village participates in various Federal grant programs. These programs may be subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. Accordingly, the Village's compliance with applicable grant requirements may be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the Village anticipates such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Concluded) MAY 31, 2012

Note 4 - Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies (Continued)

Risk Management

The Village purchases various insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Village maintains general liability, automobile and comprehensive coverages with policy limits of \$1 million. In addition, the Village maintains an umbrella liability policy which provides coverage up to \$10 million. The Village also purchases conventional workers' compensation and medical insurance coverage. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 5 - Other Matters

On June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a Village in a particular year, beginning with the 2012 year. It expires on June 16, 2016.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the Village to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor," which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal vear, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The Village is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the Village, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the Village. The Village Board may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the Village Board first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the Village Board, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

Note 6 - Subsequent Events

The Village, in October 2012, issued a bond anticipation note in the amount of \$22,104,910. The note is due on October 18, 2013 with interest at 2.0%. The note is a renewal of the 2012 bond anticipation note issued to finance tax certiorari refunds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PENSION TRUST FUND - FIRE SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31,	 Actuarial Value of Assets	 Actuarial Accrued Liability	,	Infunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	Fundeo Ratio	t ———
2006	\$ 517,942	\$ 1,199,012	\$	681,070	43	%
2007	950,288	1,352,845		402,557	70)
2008	1,015,909	1,492,476		476,567	68	,
2009	1,359,922	1,645,951		286,029	83	}
2010	1,631,971	1,741,639		109,668	94	ŀ
2011	1,806,908	1,835,333		28,425	98	3

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION TRUST FUND - FIRE SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended May 31,	Annual Required ontribution	Percentage Contributed		
2006	\$ 217,097	100 %		
2007	223,127	100		
2008	228,546	100		
2009	248,072	100		
2010	280,083	100		
2011	287,602	100		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PENSION TRUST FUND - AMBULANCE SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31,	tion Actuarial te Value of		P	Actuarial Accrued Liability	(O) /	Funded Ratio		
2006	\$	235,467	\$	220,547	\$	(14,920)	107	%
2007		285,431		254,666		(30,765)	112	
2008		229,398		293,908		64,510	78	
2009		315,850		328,151		12,301	96	
2010		377,900		362,584		(15,316)	104	
2011		405,941		396,949		(8,992)	102	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS PENSION TRUST FUND - AMBULANCE SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

Year Ended May 31,	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed		
2006	\$ 45,638	100 %		
2007	38,417	100		
2008	36,187	100		
2009	47,670	100		
2010	40,898	100		
2011	37,914	100		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Actuarial					Unfunded				Unfunded Liability as a		
Valuation Date		ue of sets	-	Accrued Liability	Actuarial Accrued Liability		Funded Covered Ratio Payroll			Percentage of Covered Payroll	
June 1, 2009 June 1, 2010 June 1, 2011	\$	- - -	\$	32,060,000 33,340,000 35,730,000	\$	32,060,000 33,340,000 35,730,000	- % - -	\$	9,200,000 9,370,000 9,960,000	348.48 355.82 358.73	%



GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

WAT 31, 2012 AND 2011		
	2012	2011
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash: Demand deposits Time deposits Petty cash	\$ 4,533,934 20,688 1,100 4,555,722	\$ 4,057,724 20,657 1,100 4,079,481
Investments	•	82,390
Taxes Receivable	173,203	131,545
Receivables: Accounts Due from State and Federal governments Due from other governments Due from other funds	234,353 - 789,726 459,605 1,483,684	199,029 61,792 743,997 128,776 1,133,594
Prepaid Expenditures	1,200	3,198
Total Assets	\$ 6,213,809	\$ 5,430,208
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Due to retirement systems Deferred revenues	\$ 540,491 114,744 - 313,812 427,848	\$ 186,248 100,590 196,125 236,237 328,217
Total Liabilities	1,396,895	1,047,417
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	1,200 1,233,322 1,578,900 2,003,492 4,816,914	3,198 1,011,527 1,575,000 1,793,066 4,382,791
Total Fund Balance		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 6,213,809	\$ 5,430,208

GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
Revenues:								
Real property taxes	\$ 14,158,885	\$ 14,158,885	\$ 13,935,275	\$ (223,610)				
Other tax items	115,000	115,000	87,353	(27,647)				
Non-property taxes	1,830,000	1,830,000	1,983,119	153,119				
Departmental income	1,446,850	1,446,850	1,520,097	73,247				
Intergovernmental charges	296,765	296,765	340,192	43,427				
Use of money and property	91,272	91,272	120,308	29,036				
Licenses and permits	290,000	290,000	543,875	253,875				
Fines and forfeitures	520,000	520,000	453,470	(66,530)				
Sale of property and compensation for loss	32,000	32,000	29,579	(2,421)				
Interfund revenues	-	••	-	-				
State aid	221,000	221,000	336,878	115,878				
Federal aid		•	70,889	70,889				
Miscellaneous	130,000	130,000	59,880	(70,120)				
Total Revenues	19,131,772	19,131,772	19,480,915	349,143				
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government support	3,089,430	5,351,220	4,963,134	388,086				
Public safety	5,495,539	5,693,539	5,690,517	3,022				
Health	11,800	11,800	10,496	1,304				
Transportation	1,535,729	1,295,029	1,292,236	2,793				
Economic opportunity and development	71,402	71,402	67,543	3,859				
Culture and recreation	825,627	854,927	850,579	4,348				
Home and community services	831,579	942,179	932,501	9,678				
Employee benefits	5,071,815	4,901,215	4,854,461	46,754				
Debt service:	, ,							
Principal	1,194,805	1,208,805	1,208,717	88				
Interest	689,262	838,740	784,893	53,847				
Total Expenditures	18,816,988	21,168,856	20,655,077	513,779				
Former (Definion and of Devenues								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	211 701	(2,037,084)	(1,174,162)	862,922				
Over Expenditures	314,784	(2,037,004)	(1,174,102)	002,022				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Bond anticipation note	-	2,200,000	2,200,000	-				
Premium on debt issued	•		208,339	208,339				
Transfers in	435,000	435,000	435,000	-				
Transfers out	(1,349,784)	(1,249,784)	(1,235,054)	14,730				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(914,784)	1,385,216	1,608,285	223,069				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(600,000)	(651,868)	434,123	1,085,991				
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	600,000	651,868	4,382,791	3,730,923				
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 4,816,914	\$ 4,816,914				

		201	11_			
	Original	Final		Adval	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Budget	Budget	_	Actual	<u>(r</u>	legative)
\$	14,386,778 110,000 1,730,500	\$ 14,386,778 110,000 1,730,500	\$	14,309,216 114,605 1,955,613	\$	(77,562) 4,605 225,113
	1,426,350 295,181 95,120 280,000	1,426,350 295,181 95,120 280,000		1,456,648 333,513 65,867 198,045		30,298 38,332 (29,253) (81,955)
	531,000 29,000 35,000 195,000	531,000 29,000 35,000 195,000		483,780 71,323 35,000 321,753		(47,220) 42,323 126,753
	54,000	54,000	_	213,144 87,705		213,144 33,705
	19,167,929	19,167,929	_	19,646,212		478,283
	3,038,931 5,298,179	3,214,777 5,622,615		3,297,202 5,622,615		(82,425)
	13,000 1,557,475 105,942	11,953 1,561,949 102,224		11,953 1,561,949 102,224		- - -
	825,680 903,220 4,741,839	838,809 844,187 4,718,531		838,809 844,187 4,718,531		- - -
	1,188,010 958,234	1,183,475 802,301		1,183,475 802,301		-
	18,630,510	18,900,821	_	18,983,246		(82,425)
	537,419	267,108		662,966	•	395,858
	- - 400,000 (1,537,419)	- 400,000 (1,267,108)		174,953 400,000 (1,267,108)		174,953 - -
_	(1,137,419)	(867,108)		(692,155)		174,953
	(600,000)	(600,000)		(29,189)		570,811
_	600,000	600,000		4,411,980		3,811,980
\$	•	\$	-	\$ 4,382,791	\$	4,382,791

VILLAGE OF TARRYTOWN, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012 (With Comparative Actuals for 2011)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2011 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 14,158,885	\$ 14,158,885	\$ 13,935,275	\$ (223,610)	\$ 14,309,216
OTHER TAX ITEMS	40 000	40.000	14,114	(25,886)	40,207
Payments in iteu of taxes Interest and penalties on real property taxes	75,000	75,000	73,239	(1,761)	74,398
	115,000	115,000	87,353	(27,647)	114,605
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Franchise fees Non-property tax distribution from County	465,000 1,365,000	465,000 1,365,000	485,595 1,497,524	20,595 132,524	499,094 1,456,519
	1,830,000	1,830,000	1,983,119	153,119	1,955,613
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
Clark fees	4,500	4,500	4,869	369	5,334
Police fees	67,000	67,000	98,319	31,319	80,058 31,800
Fire department fees	30,000	30,000	25,738	(4,672)	35,520
Sarety tees Dublic works service charges	3,000	3,000	7,725	4,725	13,154
Fublic Works service charges	624,350	624,350	683,549	59,199	624,547
On-street parking	400,000	400,000	391,050	(8,950)	372,410
Parks and recreation charges	251,000	251,000	191,981	(59,019)	2/1,433
Senior van	6,000	0,000	4,302	1,010,	3,310
Zoning fees	2,500	2,500	4,409	47 495	11,030
Planning fees	3,500	3,500	240	(3,260)	3,670
	1,446,850	1,446,850	1,520,097	73,247	1,456,648

INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES Fire services for other governments Snow removal for other governments	281,430 15,335	281,430	324,982 15,210	43,552 (125)	311,798 21,715
	296,765	296,765	340,192	43,427	333,513
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY					
Earnings on investments Rental of real property Commissions	40,000 49,272 2,000	40,000 49,272 2,000	6,862 113,371 75	(33,138) 64,099 (1,925)	13,278 52,589
	91,272	91,272	120,308	29,036	65,867
LICENSES AND PERMITS Business and occupational licenses	40,000	40,000	47,055	7,055	49,301
Permit fees	250,000	250,000	496,820 543,875	253.875	198,045
	290,000	000,007			
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
Fines and forfeited bail	520,000	520,000	453,470	(66,530)	483,780
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS					
Minor sales	5,000	5,000	5,055 13,460	55 6,460	5,597
Insurance recoveries Other	20,000	20,000	11,064	(8,936)	30,226 35,500
	32,000	32,000	29,579	(2,421)	71,323
INTERFUND REVENUES	1		1	1	35,000
STATE AID					
Per capita Mortgage tax	81,000 130,000	81,000 130,000	83,637 157,048	2,637 27,048	85,344 143,214
Records management	5.000	5,000	50,838	45,838	3,570
Recreation grant	- - 000 \$	5 000	5,000	5,000 (5,000)	44,913
Police DAKE Emergency management assistance Other) I I))		40,355	40,355	5,813 33,824
	221,000	221,000	336,878	115,878	321,753

(Continued)



VILLAGE OF TARRYTOWN, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012 (With Comparative Actuals for 2011)

(Will Comparative Actuals for 2011)					
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2011 Actual
FEDERAL AID					
Public safety Emergency management assistance	· · ·	· '	- 70,889	\$ 70,889	\$ 178,269 34,875
		1	70,889	70,889	213,144
MISCELLANEOUS					
Refunds of prior year's expenditures Medicare part D reimbursement Unclassified	2,500 37,500 90,000	2,500 37,500 90,000	300 32,375 27,205	(2,200) (5,125) (62,795)	2,462 37,194 48,049
	130,000	130,000	59,880	(70,120)	87,705
TOTAL REVENUES	19,131,772	19,131,772	19,480,915	349,143	19,646,212
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Bond anticipation note Premium on debt issued Transfers in - Water Fund	435,000	2,200,000	2,200,000 208,339 435,000	208,339	- 174,953 400,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	435,000	2,635,000	2,843,339	208,339	574,953
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 19,566,772	\$ 21,766,772	\$ 22,324,254	\$ 557,482	\$ 20,221,165

VILLAGE OF TARRYTOWN, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012 (With Comparative Actuals for 2011)

						:	Vari	Variance with		
							Find	Final Budget		
		Original		Final		•	₾ ;	Positive		2011
		Budget		Budget		Actual	Ž	(Negative)		Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT										
Board of Trustees	s	51.400	↔	40,400	⇔	39,455	↔	945	↔	36,480
Dodly of Hastocs	٠	302,449		275,449		274,621		828		331,413
Mayor		5,800		5,800		5,198		602		6,206
Village Administrator		163,834		165,034		164,904		130		169,109
Village Administrator		128,573		128,573		120,321		8,252		121,983
Assessment		13,500		13,500		13,300		200		13,300
Clerk		85,180		90,180		90,102		78		88,421
		254,000		317,500		317,491		<u>ග</u>		251,731
Foringer		94,178		94,178		90,389		3,789		116,947
Flections		14,500		14,500		8,493		6,007		8,673
Buildings		385,904		492,494		492,054		440		492,110
Central garage		373,795		373,795		364,870		8,925		361,771
Central storeroom		18,500		18,500		17,455		1,045		17,735
Central printing and mailing		44,000		44,000		37,268		6,732		34,633
Central power		165,200		165,200		142,305		22,895		180,477
The Hocated insurance		511,117		568,117		567,700		417		562,064
Minicipal association dues		10,000		10,000		7,828		2,172		17,533
Mullicipal association axes		250,000		2,450,000		2,128,051		321,949		409,310
Taxes and assessments on Village property		47,500		54,000		53,738		262		50,055
Metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax		30,000		30,000		27,591		2,409		27,251
Contingency		140,000				1				
		3,089,430		5,351,220		4,963,134		388,086		3,297,202
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police		4,662,574		4,774,574		4,773,994		580		4,524,859
		1,000		1,000		510		490		₩.
Traffic control		241,444		216,444		215,631		813		280,372
Fire department		451,790		556,790		555,997		793		653,936
Safety inspection		138,731		144,731		144,385		346		163,367
		5,495,539		5,693,539		5,690,517		3,022		5,622,615
		- 1								

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Public health Registrar of vital statistics	6,800	6,800	6,800	1,304	8,000
	11,800	11,800	10,496	1,304	11,953
TRANSPORTATION					
Street administration Street maintenance	33,300 1,125,429	42,600 985,429	42,546 984,568	54 861	33,657 1,079,221
Snow removal Street lighting	197,500	39,500	37,935 227,187	313	216,919
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT	1,535,729	1,295,029	1,292,236	2,793	1,561,949
Programs for the aging Social service programs	71,402	71,402	67,543	3,859	68,224 34,000
	71,402	71,402	67,543	3,859	102,224
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Playgrounds and recreation	620,577 152,500	643,077 152,500	642,808 149,678	269 2,822	642,561 155,605
Youth programs Celebrations	30,900 21,650	30,900 28,450	29,952 28,141	948 309	151 40,492
	825,627	854,927	850,579	4,348	838,809
HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES					
Planning board	15,000	15,000	7,282	7,718	9,581
Storm sewers Refuse and garbage	717,171	795,171	794,679	492	737,805
Street cleaning	77,908	806'06	90,703	205	77,337
Shade trees	15,000 6.500	31,800 6.500	31,564 5.659	236 841	11,899 5,591
Emergency tenant protection rees	831,579	942,179	932,501	9,678	844,187

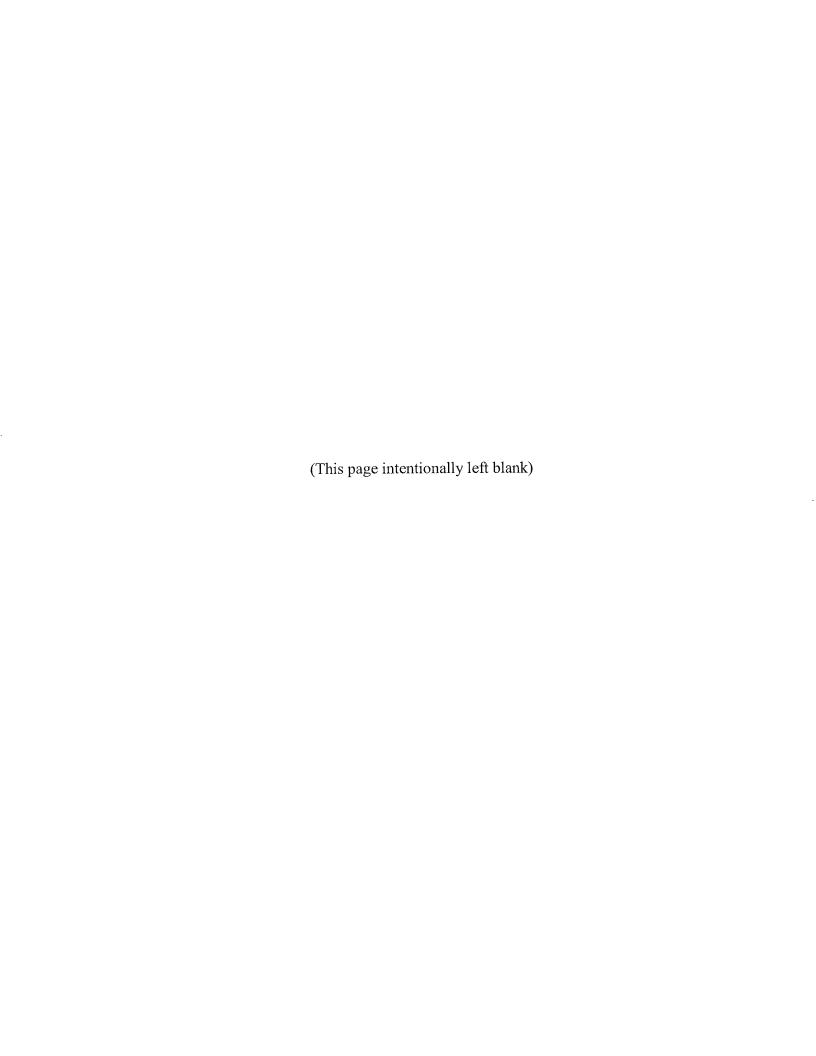
VILLAGE OF TARRYTOWN, NEW YORK

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES COMPARED TO BUDGET (Continued) YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012 (With Comparative Actuals for 2011)

(vitil Comparative / codas los cos s)						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2011 Actua	<u>a</u> –
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	0					
State retirement	\$ 655,002	\$ 578,002	\$ 576,456	\$ 1,546	\$	440,466
State retirement - Police and fire			891,341	262	59	699,662
Social security	601,846	573,846	572,832	1,014	57	573,539
Workers' compensation benefits	566,009	538,009	537,392	617	22	536,234
life insurance	67,741	67,741	43,149	24,592	(.,	38,779
Line mission of the period of	4,000	7,000	6,854	146		5,131
Hospital and medical insurance	2.277.614	2,202,614	2,200,828	1,786	2,06	2,069,530
Fire service awards program	22,086	9,168	ı	9,168	28	287,602
Ambulance service awards program	37.914	•	1	1	(,,	37,914
Conico avardo programs administrative costs		8,232	5,966	2,266		8,232
Uniforms and other employee benefits	25,000	25,000	19,643	5,357		21,442
	5.071.815	4.901,215	4,854,461	46,754	4,7,	4,718,531
DEBT SEBMSE						
DEBI SERVICE						
Principal - Serial bonds	1,194,805	1,208,805	1,208,717	88	1,18	1,183,475
Interest:	515 014	517,714	517.535	179	ũ	580,245
Serial portus Bond anticipation notes	174,248	321,026	267,358	53,668	22.	222,056
	689,262	838,740	784,893	53,847	8	802,301
	1,884,067	2,047,545	1,993,610	53,935	1,9	1,985,776
	18 816 088	21 168 856	20 655 077	513.779	18.9	18.983.246
IOIAL EXPENDITORES	2,0,0	11, 20,00				

OTHER FINANCING USES

7,980 794,601 464,527	1,267,108	\$ 20,250,354
14,730	14,730	\$ 528,509
757,244 477,810	1,235,054	\$ 21,890,131
- 757,244 492,540	1,249,784	\$ 22,418,640
757,244 592,540	1,349,784	\$ 20,166,772
Transfers out: Special Purpose Fund Public Library Fund Capital Projects Fund	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES



WATER FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

WAY 31, 2012 AND 2011		
	2012	2011
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash:		
Demand deposits	\$ 501,392	\$ 378,757
Petty cash	100	100
		070 057
	501,492	378,857
Receivables:		
Accounts	-	500
Water rents	651,649	535,358
Due from other funds	11,509	19,440
	663,158	555,298
	000,100	000,200
Total Assets	\$ 1,164,650	\$ 934,155
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:	•	
Accounts payable	\$ 172,983	\$ 171,089
Due to other funds		32,903
Due to order rands Due to retirement systems	14,090	14,896
Bud to found mark dystems		
Total Liabilities	187,073	218,888
Fund Balance:		
Restricted	210,159	162,231
	767,418	553,036
Assigned		1
Total Fund Balance	977,577	715,267
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,164,650	\$ 934,155
rotal Elabilitios alla Falla Dalatioo		

WATER FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
Revenues:	ф 0.004.0 7 4	ф 2.204.071	\$ 3,781,779	\$ 576,808			
Departmental income Miscellaneous	\$ 3,204,971 2,000	\$ 3,204,971 2,000	19,317	17,317			
Total Revenues	3,206,971	3,206,971	3,801,096	594,125			
Expenditures: Current:							
General government support	122,974	122,974	89,283	33,691			
Home and community services	1,817,647	1,817,647	2,091,969	(274,322)			
Employee benefits	236,029	236,029	251,546	(15,517)			
Debt service:	000 400	226 480	319,320	6,860			
Principal	326,180 169,641	326,180 182,282	193,247	(10,965)			
Interest	109,041	102,202	133,241	(10,000)			
Total Expenditures	2,672,471	2,685,112	2,945,365	(260,253)			
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	534,500	521,859	855,731	333,872			
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Premium on debt issued		-	58,946	58,946			
Transfers out	(534,500)	(534,500)	(652,367)	(117,867)			
Total Other Financing Uses	(534,500)	(534,500)	(593,421)	(58,921)			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(12,641)	262,310	274,951			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	_	12,641	715,267	702,626			
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ 977,577</u>	\$ 977,577			

	201	11	
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
\$ 3,147,772 2,000	\$ 3,147,772 2,000	\$ 3,604,355 12,096	\$ 456,583 10,096
3,149,772	3,149,772	3,616,451	466,679
121,677	121,677	87,460	34,217
1,549,850	1,549,850	1,956,602	(406,752)
279,451	279,451	227,138	52,313
366,600	366,600	362,219	4,381
250,359	250,359	207,221	43,138
2,567,937	2,567,937	2,840,640	(272,703)
581,835	581,835	775,811	193,976
_	_	46,138	46,138
(581,835)	(581,835)	(520,799)	61,036
(581,835)	(581,835)	(474,661)	107,174
-	-	301,150	301,150
		414,117	414,117
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 715,267	\$ 715,267

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

WAT 31, 2012 AND 2011		
	2012	2011
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash - Demand deposits	\$ 4,806,607	\$ 2,454,698
Receivables: Due from other governments Due from other funds	172,989 	726,283 196,125
	172,989	922,408
Total Assets	\$ 4,979,596	\$ 3,377,106
LIABILITIES AND FUND DEFICIT		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Retainages payable Bond anticipation notes payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues	\$ 383,263 173,127 20,543,410 475,687 150,000	\$ 463,570 238,167 24,017,000 104,801
Total Liabilities	21,725,487	24,823,538
Fund Deficit - Unassigned	(16,745,891)	(21,446,432)
Total Liabilities and Fund Deficit	\$ 4,979,596	\$ 3,377,106

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED N	ΛAΥ	31,	2012 /	AND 2011
---------------	-----	-----	--------	----------

	2012		 2011
Revenues:			
State aid	\$	1,841,580	\$ 580,055
Federal aid	•	355,836	-
Miscellaneous		59,200	 1,247,496
Total Revenues		2,256,616	 1,827,551
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay		4,720,115	5,865,696
Debt service - Refunding bond issuance costs		-	 95,291
Total Expenditures		4,720,115	 5,960,987
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(2,463,499)	 (4,133,436)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Bonds issued		6,544,000	-
Refunding bonds issued		-	6,485,000
Premium on debt issued		-	608,218
Payment to refunded bond			(6,997,927)
escrow agent Transfers in		620,040	602,220
transfers in		020,040	 002,220
Total Other Financing Sources		7,164,040	 697,511
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,700,541	(3,435,925)
Fund Deficit - Beginning of Year		(21,446,432)	 (18,010,507)
Fund Deficit - End of Year	\$	(16,745,891)	\$ (21,446,432)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2012 (With Comparative Actuals for 2011)

ASSETS	Public Library	Special Purpose	Sewer
<u> A33L13</u>			
Cash and Equivalents	\$ 205,941	\$ 538,159	\$ 76,468
Receivables: Accounts Due from other funds	293 4,573	-	-
	4,866	-	-
Total Assets	\$ 210,807	\$ 538,159	\$ 76,468
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Due to retirement systems	\$ 5,971 - 21,320_	\$ - - -	\$ - - -
Total Liabilities	27,291		
Fund Balances: Restricted Assigned	26,626 156,890	538,159 	- 76,468
Total Fund Balances	183,516	538,159	76,468
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 210,807	\$ 538,159	\$ 76,468

Total Non-Major Governmental Funds					
	2012	2011			
\$	820,568	\$	757,608		
	293 4,573		868 6,382		
	4,866		7,250		
\$	825,434	\$	764,858		
\$	5,971	\$	3,569 16,894		
	21,320	wante	19,847 40,310		
	564,785 233,358 798,143	•	618,280 106,268 724,548		
\$	825,434	\$	764,858		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012 (With Comparative Actuals for 2011)

_		Public Library		Special urpose	Sewer	
Revenues:	\$	38,337	\$	_	\$	_
Departmental income	Ф	662,943	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Intergovernmental charges Use of money and property		-		733		-
Miscellaneous		45,879		129,033		_
Total Revenues		747,159		129,766		-
Expenditures:						
Current:		64,409		_		_
General government support		64,409		11,503		
Public safety Culture and recreation		998,648		170,829		_
Home and community services		-		-		14,700
Employee benefits		363,595		_		, -
Debt service:						
Principal		1,963		-		-
Interest		10,064		-		
Total Expenditures		1,438,679		182,332		14,700
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(691,520)		(52,566)		(14,700)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		757,244		_		91,168
Transfers in		(16,031)		_		-
Transiers out		(10,001)	•			
Total Other Financing Sources		741,213		***		91,168
Net Change in Fund Balances		49,693		(52,566)		76,468
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		133,823		590,725		_
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	183,516	\$	538,159	\$	76,468

Total Non-Major Governmental Funds						
201	12		2011			
	38,337 662,943 733 174,912	\$ 37,453 599,436 2,458 307,330				
8	376,925		946,677			
	64,409 11,503 169,477 14,700 363,595		61,198 12,547 1,183,911 - 350,459			
`	1,963 10,064		4,306 12,497			
1,0	635,711		1,624,918			
(758,786)		(678,241)			
	848,412 (16,031)		802,581 (16,894)			
	832,381_		785,687			
	73,595		107,446			
	724,548		617,102			
\$	798,143	\$	724,548			



PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

10//1 01, 2012/110 2011		2012	2011
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash: Demand deposits Petty cash	\$	205,616 325	\$ 166,558 325
		205,941	 166,883
Receivables: Accounts Due from other funds		293 4,573	 868 6,382
		4,866	 7,250
Total Assets	\$	210,807	\$ 174,133
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to retirement systems Due to other funds	\$	5,971 21,320 	\$ 3,569 19,847 16,894
Total Liabilities		27,291	 40,310
Fund Balance: Restricted Assigned		26,626 156,890	 27,555 106,268
Total Fund Balance	<u> </u>	183,516	 133,823
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	210,807	\$ 174,133

PUBLIC LIBRARY FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012				
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Departmental income Intergovernmental charges Miscellaneous	\$ 33,000 662,943 40,000	\$ 33,000 662,943 40,000	\$ 38,337 662,943 45,879	\$ 5,337 - 5,879	
Total Revenues	735,943	735,943	747,159	11,216	
Expenditures: Current: General government support Culture and recreation Employee benefits Debt service: Principal	64,409 1,052,498 375,640 9,014 14,589	64,409 1,052,498 375,640 9,014 20,367	64,409 998,648 363,595 1,963 10,064	- 53,850 12,045 7,051 10,303	
Interest Total Expenditures	1,516,150	1,521,928	1,438,679	83,249	
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(780,207)	(785,985)	(691,520)	94,465	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	757,244 (57,037)	757,244 (57,037)	757,244 (16,031)	41,006	
Total Other Financing Sources	700,207	700,207	741,213	41,006	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(80,000)	(85,778)	49,693	135,471	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	80,000	85,778	133,823	48,045	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 183,516	\$ 183,516	

 		20	11			
Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
\$ 32,001 599,436 40,000	\$	32,001 599,436 40,000	\$	37,453 599,436 47,658	\$ 5,452 - 7,658	
 671,437		671,437		684,547	13,110	
61,224 1,107,247 315,544		61,224 1,107,247 315,544		61,198 1,080,996 350,459	26 26,251 (34,915)	
5,390 18,234		5,390 18,234		4,306 12,497	1,084 5,737	
 1,507,639		1,507,639		1,509,456	(1,817)	
 (836,202)		(836,202)		(824,909)	11,293	
794,601 (38,399)		794,601 (38,399)		794,601 (16,894)	21,505	
 756,202		756,202		777,707	21,505	
(80,000)		(80,000)		(47,202)	32,798	
 80,000		80,000		181,025	101,025	
\$ •	\$	-	\$	133,823	\$ 133,823	

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET MAY 31 2012 AND 2011

MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011	- Annual Control of the Control of t				
		2012		 2011	
	<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash - Demand deposits		<u>\$</u>	538,159	\$ 590,725	
	FUND BALANCE				
Restricted		<u>\$</u>	538,159	\$ 590,725	

SPECIAL PURPOSE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

YEARS ENDED MAY 31, 2012 AND 2011

	2012		2011	
Revenues: Use of money and property Miscellaneous	\$	733 129,033	\$	2,458 259,672
Total Revenues		129,766		262,130
Expenditures - Current:				
Public safety		11,503		12,547
Culture and recreation	Vanis de la constantina della	170,829		102,915
Total Expenditures		182,332		115,462
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		(52,566)		146,668
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		_		7,980
Net Change in Fund Balance		(52,566)		154,648
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	w	590,725		436,077
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	538,159	\$	590,725

SEWER FUND BALANCE SHEET MAY 31, 2012

MAY 31, 2012			
	<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash - Demand deposits		\$	76,468
	FUND BALANCE		
Assigned		\$	76,468

SEWER FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2012

Revenues	\$	-
Expenditures - Current - Home and community services		14,700
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(14,700)
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		91,168
Net Change in Fund Balance		76,468
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	·········	-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	76,468